Derwent Vale Primary and Nursery School

Chronological Understanding	Change & continuity – How key people, places and events changed or stayed the same over time.	Cause and consequence – The reason and the results of things that have happened	Interpretations of history; similarities and differences	Plan and carry out an enquiry	Organisation and communication
Sequence events in their life. Sequence 3 or 4 artefacts from distinctly different periods of time. Match objects to people of different ages.	Recognise the difference and similarity between past and present in their own and others lives. They know and recount episodes from stories about the past. Develop a sense of time and how fast things change (eg. differences between changes in their / their parents / their grandparents lifetimes).	Show an understanding of some key events. Start to think about the reasons why things might change (eg. improvements in technology / making life easier / more fun).	Use stories to distinguish between fact and fiction. Compare adults talking about the past – how reliable are their memories?	Find answers to simple questions about the past from sources of information e.g. artefacts. Ask and answer some historical questions. Sort pictures/ objects/ events into 'old' and 'new'.	Communicate their knowledge through 1. Discussio 2. Drawing pictures 3. Drama/ro play 4. Making
Sequence artefacts closer together in time - check with reference book. Sequence photographs etc. from different periods of their life. Describe memories of key events in lives. Use common words and phrases related to the passing of time (now, then, before).	Recognise why people did things, why events happened and what happened as a result. Identify differences between ways of life at different times. Describe differences between 'then' and 'now'.	Recount key events from the past in their own words and begin to explain why these events happened. Begin to think about the impact that historical events have had on modern life.	Compare 2 versions of a past event. Compare pictures or photographs of people or events in the past. Discuss the reliability of photos/ accounts/stories.	Ask and answer historically relevant questions. Use historical vocabulary (eg. past, present, recently, years, decades, centuries). Compare events from different periods in history (eg. Different discoveries/voyages). Use a source – observe or handle sources to answer questions about the past on the basis of simple observations.	models 5. Writing 6. Using technolog 7. Working together

Knowledge and content supported by CUSP History curriculum.

Year A topics: Changes within living memory; lives of significant people (Mary Anning, Sir David Attenborough; More lives of significant people (Neil Armstrong, Mae Jemison, Bernard Harris Jr, Tim Peaks).

Year B topics: Events beyond living memory (Great Fire of London); Significant historical events, people and places in our locality; Revisit events beyond living memory.

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Place the time studied on a time line. Use dates and terms related to the study unit and passing of time. Sequence several events or artefacts.	Find out about everyday lives of people in time studied. Compare with our life today. Identify reasons for and results of people's actions. Understand why people may have wanted to do something. Explore change at a local level, investigating the impact of national and global events	Question, investigate and give reasons for events in the past (eg. why did the first Roman invasions of Britain fail, but later ones were successful?). Describe the impact of events in the more distant past on modern life (eg. the legacy of the Roman Empire for modern Europe).	Identify and give reasons for different ways in which the past is represented. Distinguish between different sources – compare different versions of the same story. Comment on representations of the period – museum, cartoons etc.	Construct relevant questions about history and begin to suggest how these might be answered. Use a range of sources to find out about a period. Observe small details – artefacts, pictures. Select and record information relevant to the study. Begin to use the library and	Communicate their knowledge through: 1. Discussion 2. Drawing pictures 3. Drama/role play 4. Making models 5. Writing 6. Using technology 7. Working together
				internet for research. Use phrases such as before, during, after, century, decade, BC, AD, ancient, modern, period.	
 Place events from period studied on time line. Use terms related to the period and begin to date events. Understand more complex terms eg BC/AD. Position a growing range of eras and events on a timeline (eg. Ancient Egypt, AngloSaxons, Romans, Iron Age, Guy Fawkes). Separate out timeline of Britain from global events and recognise that some events are more globally important than others. 	Use evidence to reconstruct life in time studied. Identify key features and events of time studied. Look for links and effects. Offer a reasonable explanation for some events. Ask and answer questions about changes, similarities and differences. Explore differences between different people living at the same time.	Independently question the reasons behind historical events and changes. Give increasingly historically accurate answers to these questions. Describe how events/ people being studied have had an impact on the modern world.	Look at the evidence available. Begin to evaluate the usefulness of different sources. Use text books and historical knowledge.	Ask relevant questions about history and suggest sources of evidence to answer them. Use evidence to build up a picture of a past event. Choose relevant material to present a picture of one aspect of life in time past. Ask a variety of questions. Use the library and internet for research.	Recall, select and organise historical information Communicate their knowledge and understanding.

Knowledge and content supported by CUSP History curriculum.

Year A topics: Changes in Britain from the Stone Age, Bronze Age to the Iron Age; The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain.

Year B topics: Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots; The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor; The achievements of the earliest civilizations (Ancient Egyptians).

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Year 5	Know and sequence key events of time studied. Use relevant terms and period labels. Make comparisons between different times in the past. Place world history events on a timeline using the correct dates and labels.	Study different aspects of different people - differences between men and women. Examine causes and results of great events and the impact on people. Compare life in early and late 'times' studied. Compare an aspect of life with the same aspect in another period. Describe what life was like for people living at the same point (rich/ poor, military/civilians etc.)	Ask and answer clear and accurate questions about what happened. Ask 'why' questions to further historical understanding. Debate and discuss different opinions about historical causes and effects.	Compare accounts of events from different sources – fact or fiction. Offer some reasons for different versions of events.	Select appropriate evidence to answer a question, and recognise that there is often not a single 'right' answer. Begin to identify primary and secondary sources. Use evidence to build up a picture of a past event. Select relevant sections of information. Use the library and internet for research. Draw conclusions based on a range of sources.	Recall, select and organise historical information Communicate their knowledge and understanding.
Year 6	 Place current study on time line in relation to other studies. Use relevant dates and terms. Sequence up to 10 events on a time line. Comment on trends that happen over time. Annotate a timeline with historical terms and facts, showing a sense of historical scale 	Find out about beliefs, behaviour and characteristics of people, recognising that not everyone shares the same views and feelings. Compare beliefs and behaviour with another time studied. Write another explanation of a past event in terms of cause and effect using evidence to support and illustrate their explanation. Know key dates, characters and events of time studied.	Independently ask and answer clear and accurate questions about the past. Discuss and compare a range of plausible causes and effects. Investigate and describe legacies for the modern world, investigating and discussing how ancient civilisations can still have an impact on our lives.	Link sources and work out how conclusions were arrived at. Consider ways of checking the accuracy of interpretations – fact or fiction and opinion. Be aware that different evidence will lead to different conclusions. Confidently use books/ the internet to research.	Recognise primary and secondary sources. Use a range of sources to find out about an aspect of time past. Suggest omissions and the means of finding out. Bring knowledge gathered from several sources together in a fluent account. Reach conclusions on what happened based on the study of a range of sources. Reflect on enquiries and identify ways in which they could be improved or extended.	Select and organise information to produce structured work, making appropriate use of dates and terms. Use a timeline to track historical events from previous time in school.

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Year A topics: Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world; A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history (Maya and Anglo-Saxons).

Year B topics: Windrush generation; A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 (5 Monarchs/ Battle of Britain); A local history study: How did conflict change our local area in WW2?